

The Adams Sentinel.

A Family Journal—Devoted to Foreign and Domestic News, Politics, Literature, Agriculture, Education, Morality, Science and Art, Amusement, Advertising, &c. &c.

At \$2.00 per annum in advance—
Or \$2.50, if not paid within the year.

ROBERT G. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Advertisements \$1.00 per square for 3 weeks;
25 cents per square for each continuance.

VOL. LIII.

GETTYSBURG, PA., MONDAY, JULY 26, 1852.

NO. 38.

VALUABLE TIMBER-LAND FOR SALE.

On Wednesday the 28th of July, inst., at 12 o'clock, M., on the premises, the subscriber will sell at Public Sale a number of Lots of

Valuable Young Chestnut TIMBER-LAND.

situated in Hamilton township, Adams county, a mile and a half west of John Marshall's, and about the same distance west of Virginia Mills, adjoining lands of Henry of High Brook, deceased, Jacob Miller, John Marshall, son, Wm. Scott, and others. This timber has not its superior in the County, and it will suit for Farmers who wish to have a yearly supply of fine TIMBER.

It will be sold in lots of from 1 to 9 acres, as laid out by recent survey, a plot of which may be seen at the hotel of G. W. McClellan, in Gettysburg.

The subscriber will attend at the residence of Mr. John Marshall on Monday and Tuesday preceding the sale, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to show the lots to any persons desirous of viewing the same.

JAMES D. PATTON.

BOUNTY LAND WARRANTS Located, Bought and Sold.

Have \$1,000 to invest in Land Warrants. Will pay the highest market price, in cash, for Warrants, and will sell Warrants for soldiers at 10% above the market price. Persons wishing to buy Land Warrants or Land can be supplied.

I locate Warrants at the lowest prices, and on the best lands from actual inspection, also furnishing descriptions and titles of the same in Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, and in all the other Western States—having numerous locating agencies there.

Apply personally or by letter to

D. M. CONAUGHY,

S. W. Corner Diamond, Gettysburg.

April 12

BOUNTY LANDS.

Persons entitled to Bounty Lands under the acts of Congress of the United States, can have their claims promptly and efficiently attended to, by application either personally or by letter, to the subscriber, at his office in Gettysburg. Claimants whose applications have been suspended on account of delinquency, may find it to their advantage to call.

The fee charged is \$5 in each case, payable upon the delivery of the warrant.

The subscriber will also attend to claims for Pensions for Revolutionary or other services, and the location of lands. The sale and purchase of Land Warrants attended to, and the highest cash price paid for the same.

R. G. McCREARY, Attorney at Law.

May 17.

JOSEPH P. CLARKSON, Attorney & Counselor at Law, & Solicitor in Chancery.

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

COMMISSIONER for the acknowledgment of Deeds, taking Depositions, &c. for Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, Michigan and Wisconsin. Particular attention given to Collections, Investments, sale and purchase of Land, Location of Land Warrants, and all professional business promptly and faithfully attended to.

REFERENCES.

Hon. JAMES COOPER, - - - - - Baltimore, Pa.

Hon. D. M. CONAUGHY, - - - - - Gettysburg, Pa.

R. G. McCREARY, Esq., - - - - - Gettysburg, Pa.

May 17.

W. H. STEVENSON, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE, with A. R. Stevenson, Esq., in the North West corner of the Centre Square, Gettysburg, Pa.

JAMES G. REED, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE at the corner of D. M. Street, on Baltimore street, third door from the Diamond.

WM. R. McCLELLAN, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE on the south side of the Public Square, two doors west of the "Sentinel" Office.

D. M. CONAUGHY, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE in the Southwest Corner of the Public Square, one door South of Georger Arnold's store, formerly occupied as a Law Office by John M. Conaughy, Esq., deceased.

D. M. Conaughy will also attend promptly to all business entrusted to him as

ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR For Patents and Pensions.

He has made arrangements through which he can furnish very desirable facilities to applicants, and can secure for them from the necessity of a journey to Washington.

D. M. C. is prepared to attend to the prosecution of claims for BOUNTY LAND in soldiers of the War of 1812 and others—the selection of claimants, and locating their Warrants—procuring Patents, and selling Soldiers' Land to the best advantage.

Apply personally or by letter.

Gettysburg, Nov. 4.

PARASOLS! PARASOLS!

Just received and for sale cheaply at

SCHICKS.

April 12

LADIES' SHOES.

The attention of the Ladies is particularly directed to the large and splendid stock of Slippers, Busters, Jenny Lind Shoes—of all qualities and exceedingly low at

FAHNESTOCKS.

May 12.

Choice Poetry.

SUNSHINE AND SHADOW.

By J. K. BARRETT.

The sunshine hath a shadow,
And the starlight hath a shade;
There's no type in earthly nature,
But an antique hath made.
The sky may be all azure,
With its clouds serene,
But a cloud will come unbidden
On the glory of the scene.

The moon may be all silver,
And the stars of golden light;
But a speck will dim their beauty,
In the quiet holy night.
And our lives are changing ever,
Like the Spring time of the year;
Some times we are in April sunshine,
Then under "his dark and drear."

We have our dreams of pleasure,
And our moments of pain;
The day may dawn all lovely,
Then put on its gloom again.
We have our dreams of glory,
Our "hills of gold" may feel,
But the mists of life are sorrow,
Or the lightest blow will steal.

We have our dreams of gladness—
We have waking dreams of care;
There are hours of kindred greeting,
Then again we have to share
Sometimes life is all a sunshine,
Sometimes all a gloomy shade;
There's no type in earthly nature,
But an antique hath made.

We have thoughts that soar far upward,
In a free, glorious air;
We have spirits high as furies,
To commune with angels there;
Sometimes we are of better feeling,
O'er the mistiest spirit rail,
Then again we have of repulse,
Breaks through the shadowy veil.

When the heart is full of grief,
Like a stormy sea's unrest;
When the spirit laments in sadness,
Then it is all a gloomy shade;
When we are of better feeling,
O'er the mistiest spirit rail,
Then again we have of repulse,
Breaks through the shadowy veil.

Miscellaneous.

Good Advice.

There is much good sense in the following, which, though old, deserves to be repeated once a year:

"If anything in the world will make a man feel badly, except pinching his fingers in the crack of a door, it is unquestionably a quarrel. No man ever fails to think less of himself after he did before one—it degrades him in the eyes of others, and what is worse, blunts his sensibility to disgrace on the one hand, and increases the power of passionate irritability on the other. The truth is, the more quickly and peaceably we all get on, the better; the better for us, and the better for our neighbors. In nine cases out of ten, the wisest course is, if a man cheat you, to quit dealing with him; if he be abusive, quit his company; if he slander you, take care to live so that nobody will believe him. No matter who he is, or how he misuses you—the wisest way is to just let him alone; for there is nothing better than this cool, calm and quiet way of dealing with the wrongs we meet with."

The Wife.

It needs no guilt to break a husband's heart; the absence of content, the mutterings of spleen, the untidy dress and cheerless home, the forbidding frowns and desecrated hearth—these and other neglects, without a crime among them, have harrowed to the quick the heart's core of many a man, and planted there, beyond the reach of cure, the germ of dark despair. Oh! woman, before that sight arrives, dwell on the recollections of her youth, and cherishing the dear idea of that youthful time, awake and keep alive the promise she then so kindly gave. And though she may be the injured, not the injuring one, the forgotten, not the forgetful wife, a happy allusion to the hour of peaceful home—a kindly welcome to a comfortable home—a smile of love to banish hostile words—a kiss of peace to pardon all the past, and the hardest heart that ever locked itself within the breast of selfish man will soften to her charms, and bid her live, as she had hoped, her years in matchless bliss, loved, loving, and content—the source of the sorrowing hour, the source of comfort, and the spring of joy.

In their impatience to root out evils of long standing, reformers are too apt to disregard the tender plants of truth, virtue and honor, that grow by their side. They are so unwilling to let the wheat and the tares grow together, under the permission of Him who sees not as man seeth, that they would destroy the wheat with the tares, and thus make society tenfold worse than it is. So far as our observation goes, we are led to the irresistible conclusion, that too many of our modern reformers are impelled to their crusade against evil more from a love of notoriety, or a desire to compel men to think as they do, than from any interest in, and unselfish regard for their neighbors.

A golden rule for a young lady is, to converse always with your female friends as if a gentleman were of the party; and with young men, as if your female companions were present.

There cannot be a greater treachery, than first to raise a confidence, and then betray it.

The Daughter.

She is not beautiful; but there is something in her face more excellent than beauty. It is the reflection of that graceful ornament, "a meek and quiet spirit." Her mother has been for many years an invalid, and this only daughter is her comfort and her blessing. She is to her as if an angel were in the house; so kind, so gentle, so patient, and is never weary. Through the long night watches, she often sits by the bed side of the poor sick one, who says that "her soft hand laid upon the aching forehead, is better than all medicine."

Sometimes in the night, when mournful thoughts crowd upon her mind, she steps softly to the window, and look up to the holy stars, and seems to receive strength from Him who has said "thy days shall thy strength be." Her young brothers look up to her with the deepest reverence and love, for she shares all their joys and sympathies in all their little troubles, and suffers for them at the library the pleasant books which children love so well. She is often home, and when she comes, her pleasant footfall is as music to a snowflake. Her presence makes the room more cheerful, and even the rows of sad old folios seem to brighten up, and look as if they expected to be appreciated if she loves the quaint old authors, and says that they remind her of those days when men offered themselves, and all they had, on the altar of God, "a holy and living sacrifice," and that to read them, is like walking in one of the solemn cathedrals of our motherland, and listening to the beautiful harmonies, which morning and evening float through their "long drawn aisles."

The aged love the sound of her voice, for it is sweet and pleasant to the ear, and the child stretches out its little hand to her, and clings about her neck, and falls asleep trustfully on her breast. Her young friends wonder what the charm is that makes all love her, for she is not beautiful, and is not rich in worldly goods. The secret is simply this: she remembers that "God is love," and that "love is the fulfilling of the law."

Lessons Remembered out of School.

"Do you want to buy any berries today?" said a poor boy to me one afternoon. I looked at the little fellow and he was very shabbily clothed; grey pantaloons, very much patched, and old cotton shirt, and a miserable felt hat, making up the whole of his dress. His feet were bare, and travel stained. In both hands he held up a tin pail full of ripe and dewy raspberries, which were peeping out from amid the bright green leaves that lay lightly over them.

I told him I should like some; and taking the pail from him, I stepped into the house. He did not follow, but remained behind, whistling to my canaries, as they hung in their cage on the porch. He seemed engrossed with my pretty pets, and the berries seemed forgotten.

"Why do you not come in, and see me measure your berries?" said I. "How do you know but I may cheat you, and take more than the quart I have agreed upon?"

The boy looked up archly at me and smiled. "I am not afraid," said he, "for you would get the worst of it, ma'am. It is less to lose a few berries than to lose one's self respect, my teacher says."

How much even one hour of happiness is worth! and what little things they are that make us happy! We are too much given to sigh for the far off and the unattained, when right around and within us are the means and the sources from which we might draw if we would. If we are circumscribed by circumstances, so much greater the necessity for our making the little means in our power conducive to our being a man. We do not know how to live; we do not feel the value of mortality. If it were the idle thing which the creeds teach, it would never have been given. But even the hairs of our heads are numbered, and a sparrow falleth not to the ground, which our heavenly Father doth not see; and are not we of more value than many sparrows? Faithless, faithless are we to ourselves.

I could not be understood as teaching the doctrine that no thought should be given to the higher world and the larger life. Far from it.

The teacher was to talk with our past hours, and ask them what report they bore to Heaven.

And it is also wise to act with reference to our immortal destiny—to teach the spirit's wing an upward flight; but not with long fasting and painful penances—not by disgracing our countenances, as though the mighty burden of the world's sins were upon our souls. This is a beautiful world, God himself has pronounced it good; and shall we reproach him for the blessed boon of existence here, with unthankful murmurs and looks of hard and painful endurance?

They take very unprofitable pains who endeavor to persuade men that they are obliged wholly to despise this world, and all that is in it, even whilst they themselves live here. God hath not taken all that pains in forming, framing, furnishing and adorning this world, that they who were made by Him to live in it should despise it. It will be well enough if they do not love it so immoderately as to prefer it before Him who made it.

Flogging school boys make them smart, but then it is in the wrong place. If a boy has intellect, he will get along without the cane. If, on the contrary, he is dull and stupid, pelting him over the head will make him not so ambitious to overcome algebra as to overcome the school-master.

An Irishman's Mistake.

A correspondent of the Boston Herald tells the following good story:—A few months ago, as brother Ingalls of Swampscott was traveling through New York, he fell in with an Irishman who had lately arrived in this country, and who was in quest of a brother who came on before him and settled in some of the diggings.

Pat was a strong, athletic man; a true Catholic, and had never seen the interior of a Protestant Church. It was a pleasant Sabbath morning that brother Ingalls met Pat, who inquired the road to the nearest church.

Ingalls is a good pious man. He told Pat he was going to church himself, and invited his new-made acquaintance to keep him company thither, his place of destination being a small Methodist meeting-house near by. There was a great revival at that time, and one of the deacons, (who by the way was very small in stature) invited brother I. to take a seat in his pew. He accepted the invitation and walked in, followed by Pat, who looked in vain to find the altar. After he was seated he turned to brother I. and in a whisper which could be heard all around, inquired:

"Sure, and isn't this a heretic church?"

"Hush," said Ingalls, "if you speak a loud word they will put you out immediately."

"Never a word will I speak at all at all," replied Pat.

The meeting was opened with prayer by the pastor. Pat was eyeing him very closely, when suddenly an old gentleman who was standing directly in front of Pat shouted "glory!"

"Glory-s-s-s, ye spalpeen," said Pat, at the same moment giving the deacon a punch in the ribs, which caused him to nearly lose his equilibrium. The minister stopped, and extending his hand in a supplicating manner, said, "Brethren, we cannot be disturbed in this way; will some one put that man out?"

"Yes, your reverence," shouted Pat, "I will," and, seizing the action to the word, he collared the deacon, and to the utter horror and astonishment of the pastor, brother Ingalls, and the whole congregation, he dragged him through the aisle, and with a tremendous kick, landed him in the vestibule of the church.

A Case of Conscience.

In a certain "Ladies' Moral Reform Society," existing not many miles from the bank of a certain river, the members were required to sign a pledge not to "sit up," as it is termed, or do anything else that might be supposed to have a tendency, however remote, to immorality. One evening as the President was calling over the names, to know whether each member had kept her obligation, a beautiful and highly respectable young lady burst in to tears, and on being questioned as to the cause, said she feared she had broken the pledge.

"Why, what have you done?" asked the President.

"Oh!" sobbed the young lady, "Dr. ———— kissed me the other night, when he waited on me home from meeting."

"Oh well, that is nothing very bad," said the President; "his kissing does not make it that you have broken the pledge."

"Oh, that isn't the worst of it," exclaimed the conscientious young lady; "I kissed him back again."

Cheating.

A gentleman in Bedford employs a number of Irishmen, and exerts himself to keep them out of bad habits. Seeing one of them one day with a jug, he asked him what he had in it?

"An' sure it is vinegar," said the Irishman.

The gentleman requested him to assist him in removing a stone, and while he was engaged, the contents of the jug were siphoned, and found to be rum.

"Why," said the gentleman, "this is not vinegar—it is rum."

"It is, he jabs," said Patrick, "well I thought it for vinegar, and the spalpeen cheated me like the devil, and so he did, shure."

The Wag and the Farmer—A Metaphysical Anecdote.

A wag who wished to make some fun of the Maine liquor law, told a minister that he could prove by the scriptures, that priests of olden time used to "imbibe" the ardent. "Give us an instance," replied the divine. "It is expressed," said the wag, "that when Zadoc the priest anointed Solomon, he took a horn."

"Right enough," said the minister, "but it does not follow that he drank liquor from the said horn. Nevertheless your argument is ingenious; but I can prove by the Bible, in the same way, that if you follow it, it precepts faithfully, you would not be here talking metaphysics with me, but would rather be hanged as high as Haman."

"Let us hear it," replied the wag.

"Very well," said the minister, "does not the scriptures inform us that Judas went and hanged himself? and in another place it is not expressly said, 'Go thou and do likewise?' and thirdly, 'What thou doest, do quickly?' Now, friend, if you wish to follow scripture advice, depart at once and use the first tree hereabout!"

A life of full and constant employment is the only safe and happy one.

There is no joy like that which springs from a kind act or a pleasant word.

Chances for the Men.

A distinguished advocate of what are called "Woman's Rights," i. e. the right of a woman to do whatever she pleases, and no questions asked—tells us that he thinks the whole world is in a conspiracy to favor the male portion of the human race, and "crowd" the women as much as possible. As an instance, he says that when a wife dies, it is often announced, "Died, Mrs. So-and-so, wife of Mr. So-and-so;" giving the world to understand that Mr. So-and-so is a widower, in existence, and "in the market," whereas, when a husband dies, it is merely announced, "Died, Mr. So-and-so;" and Mrs. So-and-so is not mentioned, nor whether Mr. So-and-so ever had a Mrs. So-and-so. This gives widowers a decided advantage. It must be confessed; but then, if we can trust general opinion and the elder Weller, widows have vast natural advantages in the science of "coming over" the men; and so, on the whole, we should call it a square, and say no more about it.

Punch gives a few "domestic definitions."

Home—The place where children have their own way, and married men resort when they have nowhere else to keep themselves.

Wife—The woman who is expected to purchase without the means, and sew on buttons before they come off.

Dinner—The meal which is expected to be in exact readiness whenever the master of the house happens to be at home to eat it, whether at twelve or at three.

Washing Day—The time when a woman can throw a brown at a thiefish dog, or say "I won't," without being thought cross.

Trouse—The disputed territory.

When a poor man rises to eminence and wealth, and conducts himself soberly and decently, it is all very well; but when he puts on airs, and struts about like a haughty cock, looking with contempt upon his former friends, one hardly knows whether it is best to be disgusted with his impudence and conceit, or to pity him for his ignorance and folly.

Never stare people in the face. If you are conversing with any one, look him in the face with cheerful, dignified, respectful assurance; this is right; but to stare idly or wildly at strangers or any one, as though you had never seen a human face, is exceedingly impolite, and a sure mark of ill breeding.

The following advice of President Witherspoon to his pupils might be a benefit to some orators of the present day:—"In the first place take care that ye ne'er begin to speak till ye ha' something to say; and secondly, be sure to leave off as soon as ye ha' done."

A man moved to New Hamp-hire, and remained three weeks, during which time it rained every day. On the morning of the 21st day he met a neighbor who remarked that the skies looked as though "a storm was going to set in," whereupon the discouraged emigrant packed up and floated back to his old home.

At a wedding the other day, one of the guests, who was often a little absent, observed gravely: "I have remarked that there have been more women than men married this year."

A wit on being told that an old acquaintance was married, exclaimed, "I am glad to hear it." But reflecting a moment, he added in a tone of compassion and forgiveness—"and yet I don't know why I should be, he never did me any harm."

Not So Bad.

A dentist, whose skill at teeth pulling is well known, was recently called upon by a wag carrying an old garden rake.

"Doctor," said he, "I want you to pull a couple of teeth for me."

"Very well," replied the doctor, "take a seat in that chair, and show me the teeth."

"Well, doctor," replied the wag, "I want you to pull these two broken teeth out of this rake."

For a moment the doctor was nonplussed by the joke, but recovering himself, replied:

"Well, let me have it; I might as well take the teeth from one rake as another."

He did so, and demanded his fee of half a crown.

There are at least 1200 acres of vineyards around Cincinnati alone, giving employment to no less than 6000 Cincinnati laborers at an annual cost of \$200,000, and producing in moderately favorable seasons, 240,000 gallons of wine. Most of these are engaged in the culture of the vine, have families to support. It is calculated the wine interest in Hamilton county affords subsistence directly and indirectly to 10,000 industrials and solvent people.

The Presidential Nominations at the South.

With the exception of one newspaper in Tennessee, (at Knoxville,) we have not received a single Whig paper from any Southern State, except Georgia, that refuses to support the nominations for President and Vice President lately made by the Whig National Convention. On the contrary, they promptly and manfully place the names of their candidates at the head of their columns, and promise to give them a cordial and hearty support.—Nat. Int.

On Wednesday, at Lexington, Missouri, during a thunder storm, a large tree on Mr. Cunningham's plantation, under which a party of seven negroes were eating dinner, was struck by lightning, and four of them instantly killed.

A Broken Heart.

The interesting case of a literally broken heart we subjoin, was related by Dr. J. K. Mitchell, of Jefferson College, Philadelphia, to his class last winter, while lecturing upon the diseases of the heart. It will be seen, on perusing it, that the expression "broken heart" is not merely figurative.

In the early part of his career, Dr. M. accompanied as surgeon a packet that sailed between Liverpool and one of our southern ports. On the return voyage, soon after leaving Liverpool, while the doctor and the captain of the vessel, a weather-beaten son of Neptune, but possessed of uncommonly fine feelings and strong impulses, were conversing in the latter's state room, the captain opened a large chest, and carefully took out a number of articles of various descriptions, which he arranged upon a table. Dr. M., surprised at the display of costly jewels, ornaments, dresses, and all the varied paraphernalia of which ladies are naturally fond, inquired of the captain his object in having made so many valuable purchases. The sailor, in reply, said that for seven or eight years he had been devotedly attached to a lady, to whom he had several times made proposals of marriage, but was often rejected; that her refusal to wed him, however, had only stimulated his love to greater exertion; and that finally, upon renewing his offer, declaring in the ardency of his passion that without her society, life was not worth living for, she consented to become his bride upon his return from his next voyage. He was so overjoyed at the prospect of a marriage from which, in the warmth of his feelings, he probably anticipated more happiness than is usually allotted to mortals, that he spent all his ready money, while in London, for bridal gifts. After gazing at them fondly for some time, and remarking on them in turn, "I think this will please Annie," and "I am sure she will like that," he replaced them with the utmost care. This ceremony he repeated every day during the voyage; and the doctor often observed a tear glistening in his eye, as he spoke of the pleasure it would have in presenting them to his affianced bride. On reaching his destination, the captain arranged himself with more than usual precision, and disembarked as soon as possible, to hasten to his love. As he was about to step into the carriage awaiting him, he was called aside by two gentlemen who desired to make a communication, the purport of which was, that the lady had proved unfaithful to the trust reposed in her, and had married another, with whom she had decamped shortly before. Instantly the captain was observed to clasp his hand to his breast, and fall heavily to the ground. He was taken up and conveyed to his room on the vessel. Dr. M. was immediately summoned; but before he reached the poor captain, he was dead. A post-mortem examination revealed the cause of his unfortunate demise. His heart was found literally torn in twain. The tremendous propulsion of the blood, consequent upon such a violent nervous shock, forced the powerful muscular tissues asunder, and life was at an end. The heart was mangled.

A Novel Exodus.

Three Irish girls, aged eight, five and three years, arrived in this city last evening direct from Ireland, and on route for Watertown. They are orphans, and are in hopes of finding an uncle who lives in Watertown. These children performed, with-out friend or guide, the long journey which is now about terminated. They stopped last night at the coffee house kept by John Brexton, and were, of course, kindly cared for. The eldest girl acted as mother for her little sisters, and showed herself wise and discreet. To who prate about the ignorance and vices of foreigners, consider the cases. Here are three children of tender years, who have emigrated from scenes of poverty and destitution, to find in our land of peace and plenty opportunities for protection, education and employment.—Nat. Int.

Remarkable Case of Longevity.

An old lady, named Mrs. McElroy, is now living in Philadelphia, who will be 108 years old on the 26th inst. Twenty-one years ago she received what is termed second sight, and can now see as clearly and distinctly as ever. She does all her housework; waits upon her youngest daughter, fifty-one years of age, who has been blind for three years past; and attends a store or shop they keep in the front room. She was married in 1730, when 46 years of age, and is the mother of seven children, three of whom are dead. She has a distinct recollection of Gen. Washington, and various scenes of the revolution. Her father, who was a German, lived to be 107 years old. She was born at Allentown, Pa.

The Overland Emigration to California.

It is said to stretch across the great plains, this season, in an enormous caravan, over hundred miles in length. A letter from Fort Kearney, dated June 1st, states that the official count kept there, the emigrants passing that post during the month of May, was 121,568 persons, 11,170 being men, 2,800 women, and 108,000 children. The horses in the train were 5482, mules 1882, cattle 11,000, sheep 1818, making the total number of animals 30,767. The wagons numbered 1567, and about fifty persons passed the Fort on foot, with provisions and clothes packed on their backs, about ten or twelve with hand carts and wheelbarrows, and about thirty had returned to the States, having been robbed of their all by the Indians. Sickness and death were everywhere, and the road is dotted with a vast number of graves. (Of the new graves there are about 50 to the 150 miles.)

The Teaching of a Great Lesson.

The Louisville Journal makes the following forcible observations in regard to the deduction with which our public men are but too commonly assailed in their lifetime:

"It is true that Henry Clay's death has done him his political foes, but his glorious life should have distressed them. There were in his life a thousand deeds that should have called forth from them, as American citizens, admiration, reverence, approval and gratitude, but there was little else in his death than the calm and peaceful return of dust to dust."

THE RICHEST AND MOST VARIED ASSORTMENT OF

FANCY GOODS

EVER BROUGHT TO THIS PLACE.
HAS just received by SCHICK, and is now opening at his Store in South Baltimore street. The public are invited to call and examine goods and prices, both of which cannot but please, he feels fully assured. Among his stock will be found

LADIES' FANCY DRESS GOODS,

such as Silks, Satins, Poplins, Tissues, Beres, Berge de Laines, Lawns, Alpaca, Bombazines, Gingham, Swiss, Jaconet and Cambric Muslin, and Calicoes in great variety. Also,

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,

Satinets, Tweeds, Cottonades, Nankeens, Linen Check, Vestings of all sorts, &c. In short his stock is very large, and embraces all in his line. Call and Judge for yourselves—no trouble to show goods.
April 12.

SPRING GOODS.

FARNESTOCK'S.

S. FARNESTOCK & SONS would again inform their friends and the Public, that they have just returned from the Cities with unusually large, cheap, and well selected STOCK OF GOODS, to which they invite the attention of purchasers—consisting of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE,

Saddlery, Oil and Paints, Dye Stuffs,

CEDAR WARE, &c.

Our stock of Dress Goods, to which the Ladies are particularly invited, is the largest and prettiest ever offered—

Berge de Laines, Poplins, all de Laines, Lawns, Silks, Beres, Tissues, Alpaca, &c.

To the Gentlemen we offer the Largest and Cheapest Assortment of

Black and Fancy Cloths and Cassimeres, Vestings, Tweeds, Kent, Jeans, Cord, Valenciennes, Cottonades, and Pants

Stuffs of every variety. Also, Ready-made LIVEN COATS,

CARPETS AND MATTING.

A fine assortment of Bonnets, Bonnet Ribbons, Artificials, Fans, and Dress Trimmings of every variety.

Ladies' Shoes, Palm, Panama and Leghorn Hats, Domestic of all kinds and Prices, Groceries cheaper than ever.

Queenware, Dye Stuffs, and Cedar Ware, &c., &c.

The attention of the public is also directed to our very large and general assortment of

HARDWARE,

the largest stock ever offered, which will be sold very low. Also, our complete Stock of

COACH TRIMMINGS.

Weak our friends to give us a call and examine our Stock, as we flatter ourselves that we can please them as heretofore in Pretty and Cheap Goods.

SAMUEL FARNESTOCK,
JAMES F. FARNESTOCK,
HENRY J. FARNESTOCK.

April 12.

NEW HARDWARE STORE.

THE Subscribers would respectfully announce to their friends and the public, that they have opened a NEW HARDWARE STORE, in Baltimore street, adjoining the residence of David Zwickler, Gettysburg, in which they are opening a large and general assortment of

Hardware, Iron, Steel,

GROCERIES,

CUTLERY, COACH TRIMMINGS,

Springs, Axes, Saddlery,

CEDAR WARE, SHOE FINDINGS,

Paints, Oils, & Dye-Stuffs,

in general, including every description of articles in the above line of business—to which they invite the attention of Customers. Blacksmiths, Carpenters, Cabinet-makers, Shoemakers, Saddlers, and the public generally.

Our Stock having been selected with great care, and purchased for Cash, we guarantee (for the ready money), to dispose of any part of it on as reasonable terms as they can be purchased anywhere.

Particularly request a call from our friends, and earnestly solicit a share of public patronage, as we are determined to establish a character for selling Goods at low prices, and doing business on fair principles.

JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZICKLER.

Gettysburg, June 9.

NEW GOODS.

WM. W. PAXTON has constantly on hand, at his store in Gettysburg, a very large and best assortment of

Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes,

of Eastern and Home manufacture, which he is selling at extremely low prices, and can suit all customers in size, quality and price.

Silk Hats for \$1.
Moleskin \$4, fine quality, Phil'a. make.
Slouch Mole Hats, 50 cents to \$1.
Slouch Fur Hats, from \$1 to \$3.
Leghorn and Braid Hats of all sizes, for Men, Boys and Children.
Gentlemen's Boots, \$1 \$7 1/2.
Very best Home made, \$3 75.
Ladies Shoes from \$1 1/2 to \$1 3/4.
Ladies Gaiters, all colors, warranted.
A very large assortment of Children's Shoes of every description and style.
Come one, come all, you can be suited, arrangements are made to furnish all goods promptly in one line of business. Call TWO DOORS below the Post Office, in Chambersburg street.
June 7.

HATS AND CAPS.

FOR S. S. McCREARY is selling off all kinds of

HATS AND CAPS,

at remarkably low prices.

He has a splendid assortment of Fur, Silk, Russia, Knicker and Slouch Hats, and Caps of the very latest Fashion. And he would most respectfully invite all persons to call and examine for themselves, and be acquainted to see the excellence and cheapness of the goods.

S. S. McCREARY.

Just received, a large stock of GROCERIES & QUEENWARE, at 1/2 price, while it lasts.

March 29.

A. ARNOLD.

A CHALLENGE!

THE RICHEST & BEST ASSORTMENT OF SPRING & SUMMER GOODS,

For Gentlemen's Wear,

EVER OPENED IN GETTYSBURG!

SKELLY & HOLLEBAUGH

Take pleasure in calling the attention of their friends and the public to their extensive stock of Fashionable Goods for Gentlemen's wear, just received from the city, which, for variety of style, beauty of finish, and superior quality, challenges comparison with any other stock in the place. Our assortment of

Cloths, plain and fancy Tweeds and Cassimeres, Vestings, Satinets, Summer Coatings, &c., &c.

CANT BE BEAT! Give us a call, and examine for yourselves. We have purchased our stock carefully, and at the lowest prices, and are determined to sell at the most practical to the most industrious.

TAILORING, in all its branches, attended to as heretofore, with the assistance of good workmen.

The FASHIONS for Spring and Summer have been received.

May 3.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

The First Arrival of the Season!

ABRAHAM ARNOLD respectfully informs the citizens of the town and county that he has just returned from the cities of Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, with the Latest, Cheapest, and Best Selected Stock of

GOODS,

ever before offered, consisting in part of Cloths of all descriptions—Cassimeres, Satin and other goods, carefully selected, and at the lowest prices.

Call and see, as I am determined to undersell any establishment in town.

March 20.

Prints, Lawns, Gingham, Shawls, &c.

Also, a splendid assortment of

BONNETS.

Leghorn and Palm Leaf Hats, Parasols, and a great many articles too numerous to mention.

Call and see, as I am determined to undersell any establishment in town.

March 20.

NEW ARRIVAL OF SPRING GOODS

At the Farmers' Cheap Store.

A. B. KURTZ has just returned from Baltimore and Philadelphia with a large and very desirable lot of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

He would invite the attention of the LADIES to his complete assortment of Dress Silks, Beres, de Laine, very rich styles, Silk Poplins, Plain and Figured Alpacaes, new style, Mous. de Laine, Lawns, Silk Tissues, Beres, plain and figured, &c. Also, Gingham, Checks, Muslin, Tickings, Sheetings, Calicoes, &c. &c.

GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

Cloth, Cassimere, Summer Cloths and Vestings in great variety; also, Linen & Cotton Pant Stuffs, at all prices; a very handsome assortment of Goods for BOYS' WEAR.

CARPETING.

A very large lot of Carpeting, varying in price from 12 1/2 to 50 cts. Call and look at it, if you want to buy or not—no trouble to show our Goods.

QUEENWARE.

Our assortment of Queenware is admitted to be the cheapest in the County. I am receiving a large addition to my former stock—Glassware of every description direct from the manufacturer's.

GROCERIES—GROCERIES.

A very large assortment of Groceries—the best of Sugar and very Coffee in town; also, Molasses, Tea, Pepper, Starch, Spices, &c.—all very cheap.

Wanted in exchange for Goods, Butter, Lard, Rais. Eggs, Hams, Sides, Shoulders, &c.—for which the highest market price will be given.

If you want to save your money, call at

KURTZ'S CHEAP CORNER.

April 10.

HOUSE-WIFE GOODS.

MUSLINS, one yard wide, for 4 cts. Sheetings, Shirtings, Linens, Towels, Napkins, Tickings, Table Linens, Marcellines, Quilts, &c. &c. all can be had, cheap and good.

April 10.

MIDDLECOFF'S.

BEAUTIFUL DRESS GOODS FOR LADIES.

NEW style of Fancy Dress Goods, which can't fail to please the taste of any lady with pretty and cheap Goods. Also, a fine assortment of Mourning dress Goods, just received at

MIDDLECOFF'S.

PARASOLS AND UMBRELLAS.

A large and well selected assortment, for sale at the lowest prices, by

D. MIDDLECOFF.

April 10.

SKELLY & HOLLEBAUGH.

For past years, respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they continue the TAILORING business, at the old stand, and solicit a continuance of the public's patronage. Garments are made in the shortest time possible. The New York and Philadelphia Tailor and Fashioner have just been received.

Oct 20.

SUB-SOIL PLOUGHS,

OF the best quality, always on hand, and for sale in Gettysburg, at the Foundry of

T. WARREN & SON.

March 1.

HARDWARE & SADDLERY.

an additional supply just received at

FARNESTOCK'S.

May 31.

QUEENWARE AND GROCERIES.

very large and cheap.

May 12.

CARPETS AND MATTING.

FARNESTOCK'S have just received and will sell at the lowest prices, a large stock of Carpets and Matting, of all kinds, and at the lowest prices.

Call and see, as I am determined to undersell any establishment in town.

May 12.

LOOK HERE!

EDWARD G. LANE, Bookseller, Stationer, and Printer, has just received a large stock of

Books, Stationery, and Printing, at the lowest prices.

Call and see, as I am determined to undersell any establishment in town.

May 12.

CLOTHS, Summer Cassimeres, Satinets, Vestings, Cravats for sale at KURTZ'S.

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CLOTHS, Summer Cassimeres, Satinets, Vestings, Cravats for sale at KURTZ'S.

April 12.

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS!

A Barrel of Superfine Flour out of 240 pounds of Wheat,

AND NO MISTAKE!

GEORGE ARNOLD

Has introduced into his Mill at LOCUST GROVE, Germany township,

BONNELL'S

Patented Process of FLOURING,

and is now making a barrel of superfine flour from 240 pounds, or 4 bushels of clean wheat weighing 60 lbs.—being a gain to the Farmer of 2 to 3 bushels of wheat to the barrel, over the ordinary process of grinding. There is also a gain in the mill, being more shorts and ship stuff and little or no bran. This improvement consists of a continuous process of grinding, both in the mill and in the flour is so arranged, containing the starchy from the glutinous substance contained in the grain, and by the quality of the Flour is improved, not grinding so close the first grind, as to injure the quality of the Flour, or nearly part of the grain, and grinding so close the second grind as to take out all the flour from the glutinous portion of the berry, which remains in the mill with the old method of grinding, and which is the most valuable part of the flour. This, being combined with the whole, improves the quality of the flour, makes it more nutritious, will always insure good fermentation in baking, rises better, is not so liable to sour, will make a better yield of bread to a given quantity of flour, as when a sweeter than flour ground in the old way, preserving all the good qualities of the flour.

Farmers wanting a barrel of Superfine Flour made from clean wheat, will please call at Locust Grove, Germany township.

Locust Grove April 10.

P. S. Farmers wanting their Grain ground for market hereafter, will please bring it soon while water is plenty.

JOHN CRABES, Miller.

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MILLS—MILLS.

AN IMPORTANT DISCOVERY!

MILLERS—Awake to your Interests!

BONNELL'S

New and Improved Patented Process of

FLOURING, by which a Barrel of Superfine Flour is constantly made out of 240 lbs. of Wheat.

THE subscriber having introduced the above process of Flouring into his MILL at LOCUST GROVE, in Germany township, Adams county, finds it to work beautifully, and is now realizing all he anticipated from it, by constantly making a barrel of Superfine Flour from 240 lbs. of good wheat, on a start average good, without stoppage or interruption to the grinding process. This process can be applied to Country work

FUNERAL OF HENRY CLAY.

The Scenes at Ashland and Lexington Cemetery—Funeral Oration over the Body, &c.

The following letter, which we find in the N. York Tribune, gives an interesting account of the funeral of the Hon. Henry Clay, at Lexington, Ky., on the 10th instant:—

LEXINGTON, July 10. Henry Clay is buried. The solemn ceremonies are just concluded. Never did I witness a spectacle of such imposing solemnity—ceremonies of such an impressive character, and never shall I witness another. All day long the bells have been tolling, tolling—all day long the minute guns have been booming, booming—all day long ten thousand mourners, on horseback, in carriages, and on foot, have been slowly moving to the music of the funeral dirge. The whole city is shrouded with enshroud; it flows in broad folds from the heads of the mourners; it enshrouds their limbs, it covers the horses and carriages, it drenches the front of every building, and drops from the top of every flagstaff; the very streets are arched with the sable drapery, till the exclamation of the poet seems to have met with a literal fulfillment:—

"Hark! be the heavens with black,"
Even the slaves wear the weeds of mourning upon the hat and aim. Lexington is filled to overflowing with a vast multitude of people, the number of strangers being computed at eighty thousand.

A more lovely morning never dawned upon the earth than the morning of Saturday, July 10, 1852, the day that Henry Clay was buried. Early in the day, in company with a friend, I drove out to Ashland. The gate at the entrance of the grounds stood open, several carriages had already entered, and were seen here and there upon the road which winds up to the old family mansion. Having an hour to spare before the committee of arrangements would arrive, we strolled over the grounds. The blacks, of whom there are on the estate upward of thirty, were to be seen here and there, wearing the mourning badge upon their holiday garments, and signs of grief not to be mistaken in their countenances. We brushed the dew from the grass as we passed round to the rear of the house and entered the garden where Mr. Clay had for so many years, day after day, enjoyed his morning walk. Old Adams, the black gardener, stood at the entrance, offered to show us through the flower garden, and plucked for us a bouquet of roses. I enclose for you a few small buds, which, doubtless, when you receive them, will still retain a portion of the fragrance imparted to them by the earth that has been pressed so often by the feet of the illustrious Clay.

Having surveyed the classic grounds, we returned to the house, and gazed upon its walls, heaved a sigh at the appearance of decay presented by the exterior, noted the folds of sable cloth that hung about the entrance, and the platform spread also with black just in front of the main door. We had time while waiting for the ceremonies to commence, to view the interior of the mansion. The parlors are rich and tastefully furnished, but all the paintings and valuable mementos belonging to the deceased were hidden from view by a covering of white muslin. The coffin was standing in the back parlor, at the right of the reception room. The plate had not been removed since the body left Washington, so that no person, not even the family, had looked upon the face of the deceased. The undertaker informed us that the metallic burial case had proved defective, and that as the body became decomposed, he had noticed an offensive smell on one or two occasions. This was imperceptible when the remains were at rest, but it was thought not best to expose the face even to the family.

At 9 o'clock people began to arrive in great numbers. Nobody was admitted to the house but the Congressional Committee, the Lexington Committee of Arrangements, the Committee of the Masonic fraternity, the reporters of the press, the clergyman who was to officiate on the occasion, and a few near friends.

The surviving sons of the deceased, Thos. Hart Clay, James Clay and John Clay, received and introduced the various persons admitted. Theodore Clay, the remaining son, of course, was not present; you are aware that he has been an inmate of the Frankfort Lunatic Hospital during 17 years past. Mrs. Clay, the widow, came in and stood a moment beside the coffin; her health was too feeble to permit her to follow the remains of her husband to the grave.

At 10 o'clock, the coffin was removed to the platform in front of the house. Thousands of persons were assembled around it, waiting to witness the ceremonies.

[We learn from one of the Louisville papers that the coffin was strewn with flowers of the choicest kind; on the breast was placed a beautiful wreath, made from the "Immortelle" (or "life everlasting" flower) brought from France, and presented by Mrs. Ann S. Stephens, the poetess, with the request that it be placed upon the tomb of Henry Clay. The civic wreath presented by the Clay Festival Association of New York, with a similar request, adorned the top, while the laurel wreath from Philadelphia, and the laurels from Baltimore and Washington, were placed around it.]

Rev. Mr. Riddle, of Christ Church, Lexington, performed the burial services of the Episcopal church, from the dead steps. When he had concluded the regular services, he delivered a beautiful eulogy on the character of the deceased, speaking particularly with reference to his religious character and manifold virtues exhibited in his public and private life. A solemn stillness pervaded the assembled multitude, and many a cheek was moistened by tears.

When he had concluded, that portion of the procession delegated to escort the body to Lexington formed in front of the mansion. It was composed of 1. Committee of Arrangements; 2. United States Senate Committee; 3. Clay Guards of Cincinnati; 4. Committee of "76," of Louisville; 5. Committee of Free Masons; 6. Pall Bearers; 7. Funeral Car, drawn by eight gray horses.

The car was a magnificent structure, draped in black, surmounted with a colossal urn, representing sleep, and this in turn surmounted with a large eagle, placed with silver, and holding in its beak a pall of black crape, which enveloped the whole car.

An immense stand was erected in front of the City Hall, which was first occupied by the Rev. Dr. Krebs, who delivered an

Arrived at Lexington, the special escort joined the main procession, and proceeded to the cemetery. [There was a large number of military, civic societies, corporate bodies, dignitaries, associations, citizens generally, &c.]

I have no time to describe in a particular manner the various features of the procession. It was imposing in every respect, and the perfection of its details were worthy of the sublime patriotism of its object. The citizens of Lexington did themselves lasting honor in conceiving and perfecting the arrangements for doing honor to the ashes of the illustrious man whose immortal fame will shed immortal lustre upon their city and their country.

At 1 o'clock the procession reached the cemetery, which is a lovely spot of ground, containing some thirty acres, and interspersed with every variety of surface and scenery. A dense crowd surrounded the public vault, where the coffin was to be deposited. The vault is constructed in the side of a hill, the entrance being at the bottom of a beautiful ravine, surrounded by high ground on every side. As the head of the procession wound slowly along the hill side in its descent to the tomb, a spectacle was presented which will not soon be effaced from the memory of those present. Upon each ridge of ground, rising from the valley below stood thousands and tens of thousands of people heeding not the broiling heat of the sun, but gazing intently down upon the tomb that yielded to receive into its dark and narrow portals the body of him whose fame fills a universe.

The services that had been commenced at Ashland were now concluded by Rev. Mr. Berkeley, and the body was deposited in the vault by the masonic fraternity, with the impressive form and ceremonies peculiar to that order. Then the doors of the vault were closed, and the body of Henry Clay, the statesman, the orator, the patriot, was left to rest in peace. The procession afterwards passed through the principal streets of the city.

It is a sad fact that the remains will not rest permanently in the vault where they were placed on the 10th, but will be removed to the Clay family lot in the same cemetery, as soon as preparations have been made by the people of Lexington to lay the foundation of the monument to his memory. This event will take place some time next fall, when Daniel Webster is expected to deliver the oration.

Obsequies of Henry Clay.

NEW YORK, July 20.—The arrangements made to-day for the funeral honors to Mr. Clay were the most extensive and imposing ever witnessed on this continent. The exhibition of regret was confined to no class or party, but was joined in by all. All yesterday afternoon and this morning the proprietors of stores and public buildings along the route of procession were engaged in dressing their buildings in mourning. At noon to-day Broadway presented a spectacle at once the grandest and most solemn that can be conceived.

Stewart's Marble Palace was decorated with roses, with foliis of black and white crape suspended from every window. A marble shaft 20 feet high, surrounded by an iron railing, was erected on a scaffolding over the main entrance, at each corner of which were large weeping willows made on fire of black crape, the whole being designed to represent a monument to Henry Clay.

The Astor House was covered with black from the roof to the pavement, the windows only being exposed to view.

The Irving House, American Hotel, City Hall, Lovejoy's Hotel, French's Hotel, Chatham Bank and the Chatham and Broadway Theatres were also handsomely decorated.

The Broadway House, the head-quarters of the Whigs, was draped in mourning, and displayed the flags of the various Whig clubs, shrouded in crape.

Thousands of persons from the adjacent towns and cities, as well as from long distances in the country, were present to behold the spectacle, and it is estimated that the whole number of spectators, including citizens, could not have been short of 400,000.

Business was entirely suspended, the stores, banks, public offices, &c., being all closed. The flags of the shipping in the harbor were displayed at half mast, minute guns were fired from various points, and the church and other bells tolled during the progress of the procession.

At about 3 o'clock the procession commenced moving, Gen. William Hall acting as chief marshal, assisted by 26 aides. The first division consisted of the New York State militia and the military from other cities—the whole under the command of Maj. Gen. Chas. W. Sanford. The turnout of the different brigades was very large, presenting a very brilliant appearance.

Following this division came the hearse, drawn by eight white horses, appropriately caparisoned, preceded by the officiating clergyman and the orator of the day, and followed by 51 pall-bearers, representing the different States of the Union.

The Light Guard, Capt. Vincent, acted as a guard of honor. These were followed by the Mayors and corporate authorities of New York, Brooklyn, &c., Governor Hunt and suit, the Senate and Assembly of New York, officers of the army and navy and other public functionaries.

The third division was composed of ex-officials, Judges of the courts, the Clergy and other officers, with a vast number of civic associations, trades, &c.

The fourth division comprised civic associations from other cities and towns.

The fifth division comprised the fire department of New York and the firemen from the adjacent cities.

The sixth division embraced the whig and democratic general committees, with a large number of political clubs of both parties.

The other divisions, from the eighth to the fifteenth inclusive, were composed of a large number of societies, masonic, temperance associations, and others, from New York, Brooklyn, Williamsburg, &c.

The procession, which, in respect to numbers and appearance, exceeded anything ever seen here, moved down Broadway around the Park to Chatham street; thence to the Bowery; up Bowery and Fourth avenue to Union Square; around Union Square to Broadway, and thence to the City Hall, where it arrived about 6 o'clock.

An immense stand was erected in front of the City Hall, which was first occupied by the Rev. Dr. Krebs, who delivered an

appropriate prayer. N. Bowditch Blunt, Esq., the orator of the day, then arose and delivered a beautiful and eloquent oration upon the life and services of the lamented deceased, after which the vast assemblage was dismissed, with a benediction by the Rev. Dr. Jos. M. Price.

Nothing occurred during the progress of the procession to mar the solemnity of the occasion, and the effect produced by this mournful but magnificent pageant was one that could not fail deeply to impress all who beheld it.

Horrible Murder at Richmond, Va.
Wife and Child Killed—Lusban Mortally Wounded, &c.

RICHMOND, Va., July 19.—A most horrible and atrocious murder was committed in this city this morning, between four and five o'clock. The bodies of Joseph Winston and his wife Virginia, and their infant daughter, five months old, were found in their bed horribly gashed about their heads and breasts, apparently by an axe or hatchet, by some unknown fiends. Mrs. Winston and her daughter died soon after being discovered, from the effects of their wounds, and Mr. Winston's life is despaired of, his injuries being of a dreadful character, rendering recovery almost impossible.

Two negroes, man and wife, the property of Mr. Winston, have been arrested and committed to prison on suspicion of being the perpetrators of the diabolical outrage.

Disgratifying Atrocity.—We find in the New Orleans Delta, some details of a fiendish outrage perpetrated upon the bodies of the unfortunate who were lost on Lake Ponchartrain, by the explosion of the steamer *Janus*. A band of rascals upon the lake having not only robbed them, but mutilated their remains in the accomplishment of their purpose:

"A personal inspection of the male corpses showed that such of them as had on outer garments, had their pockets turned inside out. Counselor J. M. Wolf, one of the drowned, was said to have had upon him a gold lever watch, and over seven hundred dollars in bank bills and other money. Several others who were known to be sitting up at the time of the catastrophe, engaged in a game of cards, and consequently with considerable sums about them, were afterwards found floating, with their pockets completely rifled.

One young lady, with a chaplet of sea weed twined in her auburn hair, had several of her fingers split from knuckle to nail. She had worn rings, and the red rubrics had split her fingers to reduce the swelling of the flesh in order more readily to wring from them the garnished gauds—the rings. Another had her arm torn and gashed in the same manner, that a bracelet might be pirated from her sufficed very beautiful limb! Another, a young man, showed the marks in her lacinated ears where the ear-drops had been torn with anxious haste by the corsair hands, too, peradventure, tugging for the prize.

And shall we name a fourth? Yes, a fourth, had been encountered by a monster more impatient of spoil, who, to secure from her hand two plain gold rings which she was known to have worn, had severed the fingers, flesh and bone! What more of outrage—what more fiendish revel was there perpetrated on the floating channel, surmise, delighting in the horrible, has ventured to declare; but as the charges are too revolting for fancy the most gloomy and satanic, we decline to make a note of them."

The captain and crew of a suspicious looking fishing schooner, had been arrested on suspicion. In possession of the captain was found a pocket book, supposed to have been pirated from one of the bodies.

The extensive works at Canton, Baltimore, for the manufacture of Cotton Duck, belonging to the Union Manufacturing Company, were totally destroyed by fire on Friday afternoon. The loss is about \$100,000—only \$40,000 insurance.

Baltimore Price Current.	
Flour,	4 00 to 4 25
Wheat,	1 00 to 95
Rye,	75 to 82
Oats,	58 to 62
Corn,	11 to 42
Red Cattle,	6 00 to 7 00

Married,

On the 22d inst., by the Rev. Jacob Ziegler, Mr. LEVI MYER, of Franklin township to Mrs. ELIZABETH WOLF, of Menallen township.

Died,

On Tuesday morning last, very suddenly, Mr. BENJAMIN BOND, of Menallen township.

On the 6th of June last, Mr. JOHN MOWERY, of Baltimore township, aged 29 years 9 months and 12 days.

On the 5th inst., Mr. DANIEL SONTAG, of Mount Pleasant township, aged 57 years 4 months and 6 days.

At York Springs, on Wednesday last, ALICE, daughter of Charles H. Pitts, Esq. of Baltimore, aged 14 months.

GUTTSBURG

TRIALS SUMMARY.

THE next term of this Institution will commence on the 6th of September next. The Trustees have succeeded in securing the services of a very competent Teacher, Miss DARLING, of whose influence on the moral principles and personal manners, as well as intellectual improvement of her pupils, they feel authorized after the experience of a season, to speak in the highest terms.

All the various branches taught in the first Female Seminary of the land, are embraced in the course of studies, including, in addition to the usual branches, Hebrew, Sanskrit, Music, Latin and French, and a full and complete course of mathematics.

By order of the Board,
S. S. SCHMUCKER, Pres.

R. G. HANSEN, Secy.
N. B. Arrangements have been made for the accommodation of a few boarders from the country, on a very retired, convenient and trust-worthy family.

Guttsburg, July 25.

CAUTION.

WE, the undersigned subscribers, residing in Montgomery and Cumberland townships, Adams county, do hereby caution all persons against hunting, gaming, or fishing on our premises—as we are determined to put the law in force against any person or persons trespassing any time hereafter.

David R. Starnes, Jesse Sherrett, Hugh G. Scott, James Black, John A. L. Horner, James Miller, James Black, Jun.

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

WILL BE OFFERED AT PUBLIC SALE, On Wednesday and Thursday the 11th and 12th days of August next,

AT the late residence of NICHOLAS BUSH, Esq., deceased, in Butler township, Adams county, all the Personal Property of said deceased, consisting of

FOUR HEAD OF HORSES,
1 year old Colt, 13 head of Horned Cattle, 9 head of Hogs, 1 Grain Drill, (Moore's Patent), Corn Drill, one Broad-bread Waggon, 1 Narrow do., 1 horse do., Sleigh, Cross-cut Saw, a lot of Smith Tools, Horse Gears, Ploughs, Harrows, and other Farming Implements; Wheat, Rye, Oats, and Clover Seed by the bushel, Hay by the ton; also, 2 large Copper Sills; about 20 Hogs-heads, and all the Distilling Apparatus; also, a Cider Mill; together with a large quantity of

HOUSEHOLD & KITCHEN FURNITURE,
to wit: Beds, Bedsteads and Bedding, Chairs, Tables, 2 large Book Cases, Settee, Cooking Stove, 2 Clocks, Looking Glasses, Silver Watch, Rifle, Carpeting, also, two Shares in the Middletown Hay Seals.

For Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M. of each day. Attendance given, and terms made known by

HENRY MICKLEY, Adm'r.

DESIRABLE FARM

AT PUBLIC SALE.

On Saturday the 14th day of August next, THE subscriber, Executor of the will of JAMES BELL, sen. deceased, will offer at Public Sale, that well known Property, the

MANSION FARM

of said deceased, situated in Straban township, Adams county, one and a half miles south of Huntington, adjoining lands of Jacob Tanshbaugh, Heirs of David McCreary, Jacob Bucher, and others, containing

238 ACRES,
about 60 acres of good Timber land, and the residue in cleared arable land. There are about 20 acres of good Meadow, with running water on the above. The Farm is in good tending and cultivation. On it are erected a

TWO-STORY BRICK DWELLING-HOUSE,
with 15 story Back Building, a never-failing well, with pump, and also a Spring and Spring-house, near the dwelling, a BANK BARN, Wagon shed, Corn-crib, and other Outbuildings on the premises.

Persons desiring to see the Property before the day of sale, will be shown it by ROBERT BELL, Jr., residing on the premises.

For Sale to commence at 1 o'clock. Attendance will be given, and terms made known by

ROBERT BELL, Jr.

DISSOLUTION.

THE Co-Partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of SNEERINGER & RENSHAW, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

The on-standing accounts and business of the late firm, will be settled at their late stand by either partner.

PUS SNEERINGER, JOHN A. RENSHAW.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned have this day entered into a Co-Partnership, under the firm of

SNEERINGER & STUDY,
and will continue the Mercantile Business, as heretofore conducted at the Old Stand of the late Firm of Sneeringer & Renshaw. They solicit and would be thankful for a continuance of the patronage of the public.

PUS SNEERINGER, EDWIN L. STUDY.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned, that the ADMINISTRATION ACCOUNTS of the deceased persons hereinafter mentioned, will be presented at the Orphans' Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance, on Monday the 16th day of August next, viz:

47. The second account of Samuel Beard, Acting Executor of the last will and testament of George Beard, deceased.

48. The account of Daniel Myers, Michael West and Philip Myers, Executors of the last will and testament of Ludwig Myers, deceased.

49. The first and final account of William Rittars, Administrator de bonis non of the estate of Rosanna Willet, deceased.

50. The account of George Stagle, jun. one of the Executors of the last will and testament of George Stagle, deceased.

51. The account of Elias Stagle, one of the Executors of the last will and testament of George Stagle, deceased.

52. The account of William Stagle, one of the Executors of the last will and testament of George Stagle, deceased.

53. The second account of George Jacobs, Administrator of the estate of Samuel Jacobs, deceased.

54. The first and final account of William Fuhns, Administrator of the estate of Mary Fleck, deceased.

55. The first and final account of David Roth, Administrator of William Smallwood, deceased.

MOUNTAIN VIEW SPRINGS.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

THE subscriber has been induced to open an Establishment for the accommodation of invalids and also for persons who wish to leave the cities and towns for a short period during the warm and healthy season of the year, for a healthy and comfortable place in the country. It is situated eight miles north of Gettysburg, on the State Road leading from Gettysburg to Newville, half way between Middletown and Hendersville, in a healthy and beautiful country, not surpassed for fine and romantic scenery by any in the State. There are PLUNGE and SHOWER BATHS for the benefit of persons desiring to use them; also many places of resort and amusement along the romantic streams, ravines, pine woods, &c.

The subscriber will also accommodate parties from the country and adjacent towns.

Persons boarding for a week or two will have the use of the Bath gratis. Any person leaving his name with the subscriber, and paying one dollar in advance, will have the privilege of the Baths for the season. Persons who have not subscribed will be required to pay 64 cents for each bathing.

Persons coming to Gettysburg in a public conveyance, can have immediate conveyance to the Springs, by applying to Mr. JONAS L. TATE, and also have ready conveyance back to Gettysburg. Terms—\$5 per week for boarding.

J. N. SMITH, M. D.
Ben Lersville, Pa., July 19.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE.

THE Heirs and legal Representatives of JACOB REBER, late of Franklin township, Adams county, deceased, offer for sale the Real Estate of said deceased, consisting of a

PLANTATION,

or tract of Patented Land, in said township, containing about

312 ACRES,
adjoining lands of heirs of John Shull, deceased, Peter Shull, John Deardoff, Mary M. Brough, and others. The improvements are a Two story

LOG WEATHERBOARDED DWELLING HOUSE,
Stone & Brick Building, large BANK BARN, with sheds, and other outbuildings, on a very excellent spring convenient to the house; Stone Smoke house, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, &c. There are on the premises

TWO GOOD ORCHARDS.
The place has a large quantity of Meadow, and a large portion set in valuable Timber. There is a Fountain Pump in the barn yard, with running water on the place, nearly every field having water, in it. The Menallen road must pass the buildings, the place being about one mile from Cashman on the Pittsburg Turnpike, in a pleasant neighborhood, within a convenient distance of several Mills, Churches, &c., and a Line Road near by.

It will not be sold at Private Sale before Saturday the 25th day of September next, it will be then offered at Public Sale, on the premises, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, and it will not be sold before that day, it will then be offered at public auction. Persons desiring to purchase are requested to call with ADAM REBER, living on the place, or with the subscriber.

JONAS REBER, Agent
for the Heirs of Jacob Reber, deceased.

June 21.

DAGUERREOTYPES.

Good Likenesses as Low as \$1!

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has opened a permanent Daguerreotype Gallery, in the house formerly kept as a Temperance house in Chambersburg street, a few doors from the Diamond, where he is prepared, at all times, and in all weathers, to take

DAGUERREOTYPES,
in the best style, of all sizes and kinds, and at the lowest rates. If my pictures do not give satisfaction, there will be no charge.

GIVE ME A CALL.
SAMUEL WEAVER.
Gettysburg, May 17.

NOTICE.

Estate of Dinah Butler, deceased.
LETTERS Testamentary on the Estate of DINAH BUTLER, late of Cumberland township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in Franklin township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said Estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

JAMES RUSSELL, Ex'r.

June 28.

NOTICE.

Estate of John Mowery, deceased.
LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of JOHN MOWERY late of Butler township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber residing in said Township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said Estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

JACOB MOWERY, Adm'r.

June 21.

NOTICE.

Estate of Anna Mary Hough, deceased.
LETTERS Testamentary on the Estate of ANNA MARY HOUGH, late of York township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in said Township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said Estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

DAVID HUGHES, Ex'r.

June 28.

NOTICE.

Estate of Nicholas Busby, deceased.
LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of NICHOLAS BUSBY, Esq. late of Butler township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in Franklin township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said Estate to make immediate payment, and those who have claims, are desired to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

HENRY MICKLEY, Adm'r.

July 5.

BUFF CASSIMER.

THE attention of the gentleman is called to a very superior quality of Buff Cassimer, at the Establishment of SKILLA & HOLLI, RAFTERS, Merchant Tailors, &c., where may be found French Cassimeres, of every variety and quality.

SKILLA & HOLLI, 101 N. 2nd St., Adams Co., Pa.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

IN pursuance of sundry writs of *Faciatis* *Quintus*, and *Levati Facias*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, Pa., and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, on *Saturday the 7th of August next*, at 1 o'clock, P. M., at the Court House in the Borough of Gettysburg, the following property, to wit:

A Tract of Land,

situate in Germany township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of Henry Spalding, John Weikert, and others, and containing 15 ACRES, more or less. The improvements consist of a two-story Brick DWELLING HOUSE, with a One-Story Log Kitchen attached, a Stable and other outbuildings. There are some Fruit Trees on the premises. Seized and taken in Execution as the property of Adam King, Executor of the Estate of Ludwig King, deceased.

No. 1. A Tract of Land,

situate in Lattimore township, Adams county, Pa., containing 38 ACRES, more or less, adjoining lands of Jacob Kiser, George Harman, Henry Fickel, and others, on which are erected a Two-Story Log DWELLING HOUSE, a Double Log Barn, with Wagon Shed attached, a Spring-house, Corn Crib, and other outbuildings. There are Two Orchards of Choice Fruit Trees on the premises, and a Spring of water near the door.

No. 2. A Lot of Ground,

situate in Huntington township

DIFFICULTIES WITH ENGLAND.

vessels of war which are to be employed
the protection of the fisheries. They
number nineteen vessels, carrying upwards
one hundred and thirty guns. A pretty
midable naval force to be brought against
ing attacks.

...answer that they are opposed to its
...real or modification, until time and experi-
...ence shall fairly show it to be necessary.
...they all stand on the same footing re-
...specting the important law in question.

without delay, or direct agency, we would desire them to travel on the Dunkirk railroad or a New-Orleans steamboat, as an accident for which nobody would be to blame, and speedily come to their relief.—*Gen. Tel.*

er Alliance was wrecked near St. Paul's Island, and all on board perished. It is reported that fifteen schooners have been lost near the Magdalen Islands. Twenty-two pilots, it is said, have been drowned.

nor of Kentucky has appointed David Meriwether, Dem., to be Senator in Congress until the first Monday of September next in place of Henry Clay, deceased. Mr. Dixon, Whig, then succeeds.

Every seven minutes a child is born and every nine minutes a child dies, in the city of London. So close does sorrow tread on the heels of joy.

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRESS

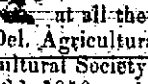
THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRESS

FARMERS, LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST.
Still Greater Improvement in Grain Drills.

~~50~~ PRICE REDUCED TO SIXTY DOLLARS!

An illustration of a woman in a long dress and hat sitting on a horse-drawn grain drill. The drill is a wooden frame with large spoked wheels and a series of horizontal bars at the bottom. Two horses are harnessed to the front of the drill. The scene is set on a field with furrows in the soil. The text 'MOORE'S PATENT GRAIN DRILL' is visible on the side of the drill's frame.

MOORE'S PATENT SEED AND GRAIN PLANTER

 HIS Machine was Patented July 2, 1850, and has received the highest premium at all the Exhibitions where it has ever been contested, including Newcastle-on-Tyne, Agricultural Society, October 9th, 1850; Philadelphia and Delaware County Agricultural Society, October 17th, 1850; Maryland State Agricultural Society, October 23d, 1850, and October 24th, 1851; and Michigan State Agricultural Society, September 26th, 1851.

—THE ABOVE DRILL—

is not liable to get out of repair, is exceedingly simple in its construction, will sow point rows in all irregular shaped fields, and possesses superior advantages to all others in the ease and quickness with which it can be regulated to sow any desired quantity of grain per Acre, while the draft upon the Horses is 25 per cent. lighter, and consequently, with the same labor, can seed one fourth more ground per day than with most other machines now in use. The objection so common to Drilling Machines of becoming choked if the seed is not perfectly clean, is entirely obviated in the Simple and Regular Construction of this Drill, as white clays and strong straw will not interfere.

THE REGULAR DISTRIBUTION OF THE SEED.

It is ascertained to distribute the seed evenly; to sow any quantity per acre commonly on broad-cast; to not cut or break the grains; to be well made of good materials and variable with proper care.

Having sold about 400 of the above Drills the past season, all of which met with the unqualified approbation of the purchasers; and after careful and thorough experiments which have resulted in Still Greater Improvements, we now feel warranted in saying that Moore's Patent sgd and Grain Planter improved, is superior to any other machine FOR THE PURPOSE, NOW IN THE MARKET.

Having made arrangements to furnish 1,000 of the above Machines for sale, the coming Season, we shall be prepared; at all times, to supply orders without delay.

So All orders addressed to the undersigned will warrant prompt attention.

LES. PERCEE & LEE.

WM. R. FREE, Agent for Adams county.

Erldonn P. O., Chester Co., Pa. July 5.

3000 CHALLENGE.

WHAT A FEVER conceals the health and happiness of a people is at all times of the most valuable importance. I take it for granted that every citizen will do all in their power to save the lives of their children, and their prey.

[illegible]

BY THIS, CALHOUN is an every-day
fact to the confidence of the afflicted as a suc-
cessful, safe and cheap remedy, founded on
the fact of not having received the approbation
and liberal patronage of many prominent mem-
bers of the

MEDICAL FACULTY
of the United States; and also by the voluntary
testimony of the highest authorities in the
profession of the highest responsibility, as
attested by the most satisfactory authority
— The preparation is not a "core all," but is
directed expressly to the above named complaints,
very distressing in their nature and consequences,
and which have, in the hands of the skill-
ful exertions of the most accomplished
physicians of all countries, to a degree beyond that
of shape any other malady to which the human
system is heir.

THE INGREDIENTS, as certified by high
medical authorities, (see samples) are all VE-
getables, and are given with any article
unfamiliar to the stomach, especially
— Pumpkins can be had gratis with My
Syrup.

SAMUEL S. TORNEY, Agent,

that the LIVER system is grown to a most
indolent length, becoming acroited and, as seen
in the Intestines and Stomach, affecting the health
of the system, and the Intestines, Stomach, Liver, and
that these affected system is ever, as a
Tape Worm hastening them to an early grave,
until destroying this worm, a very energetic treat-
ment must be pursued, as it would then be
impossible to get rid of it, and the patient
to take in Sedative, Liver Pills, and
other obstructions, the Worm Syrup is a direct
poison to the Worm, which must be taken in con-
junction with the Worm Pills, and
the Worm Syrup is a direct poison to the Worm,
the most obnoxious case of Tape Worm.

HOMENSAKE'S LIVER PILLS.
No part of the system is more liable to disease
than the LIVER, it serving as a filter to cleanse
the blood, or giving the per secretion to the bile,
and thus acting as a purgative, and the LIVER affects the
most important parts of the system, and results
rapidly in Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Diarrhea,
etc. We should therefore, as a
preventive, as a Worm Syrup, and
these Pills being composed of the Worm Syrup, and
furnished by nature to the sick. Namely, LIVER,
AN EXPECTORANT, which augments the secretion
of the LIVER, and the Worm Syrup, and
promotes the secretion of the LIVER, and

[illegible]

variety of JEWELRY on hand and for sale
S. MASON

CONNORS, Ivory, Pearl, China, Pearl, Hair
and Lace Hair and Curls, and a magnificent
display with Mosses, Lace and Curls, at
April 14.
A. B. KURTZ.

Ready-made Clothing.
KELLY & BOLLEAUGH have on hand a
variety of Ready-made Clothing, embracing
Men's Coats, Tuxedo Coats, Vestments, Mon-
ster, Jacket, Ties, and Hats, Black, Cassimeres,
and Fine Fashions. Suits, cloth and fancy wear,
which will be disposed of at the lowest re-
serves. Call and see.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.
JONES and Son's, Managers of de Laines,
Alpacas, Cashmere, SHAWLS, Coats, Gaiters,
Hosiery, &c. See and be satisfied.
April 12. STUBBS.

EMBLEMES have some French Embroid-
ed, French Colored, and some and Tuxedo
Coats, Hair and Curls, and Hair, China, Pearl,
and Lace Hair and Curls, and a magnificent
display with Mosses, Lace and Curls, at
April 14.
A. B. KURTZ.

Carpet and Matting.
FARNSTEEDS have just received and will
sell very cheap the largest stock of Canton
and Ingrain Carpeting, 4-4, 5-4, and 6-4 white
and colored Matting, Druggs', Linen, Floor Cloth,
Oil Carpets, & the State Cloth, ever before offered.
April 26. SIGN REFR. FRONT.

LOOK HERE!
H. GRIFFY, Goods, Handkerchiefs, Collars,
Piercing, and some Buttons, Book & Mail
Machines, Locks, and Black Skin Lace and Frock,
See and be satisfied. See and be satisfied.
April 12. SCHICKS.

CELESTIALS, Superior Christmas, Birthdays,
and all other Gifts for sale at KURTZ.

PARASOLS—PARASOLS—the best and
cheapest in town. Only 25 cents and 50 cents,
and you will see. Also a pair of pants and a